

## A WEEK IN LABOR CIRCLES

### Matters of Interest to Organized Workmen of the District.

#### MEETINGS FOR THIS WEEK.

**SUNDAY, AUGUST 18.**  
Labor Day conference committee—Typographical Temple.  
Columbia Typographical Union, No. 101—Typographical Temple.  
L. A. 4308, K. of L., Mechanics—Elks Hall, Ninth street and Pennsylvania avenue.  
Butchers' Assembly, K. of L.—Plasterers' Hall, Fourth and-a-half street and Pennsylvania avenue, 3 o'clock.

**MONDAY, AUGUST 19.**  
L. A. 1644, K. of L., Journeymen Plasterers—Plasterers' Hall, Fourth and-a-half street and Pennsylvania avenue.  
L. A. 1748, K. of L., Carpenters and Joiners—Society Temple, Fifth and G streets.

L. U. No. 190, Brotherhood of Carpenters—Hall, 627 Massachusetts avenue.  
L. A. 1040, K. of L., Bakers' and Drivers—Bakers' Hall, 316 Eighth street.  
L. A. 3456, K. of L., Carriage and Wagon Makers—Special meeting—Organized Labor committee rooms, Washington Times building.

Labor Bureau and Workmen's Library committee—Times building.  
L. A. 3228, K. of L., Plasterers' Lathers—Marmes Hall, opposite Pentz wharf, Seventh street southwest. Business of importance.

**TUESDAY, AUGUST 20.**  
Federation of Labor—Plasterers' Hall, Fourth and-a-half street and Pennsylvania avenue.  
**WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 21.**  
Columbia Lodge, No. 174, Macchinites—McCauley's Hall, Pennsylvania avenue southeast.

L. U. No. 1, Carpenters and Joiners—Hall, 479 Tenth street. Important.  
Paperhangers' Protective Association—Harris' Hall, corner of Seventh and D streets northwest.

L. A. 1173, K. of L., Cement Workers—Harris' Hall, Seventh and D streets north west.  
Butchers' Assembly, K. of L.—Plasterers' Hall, Fourth and-a-half street and Pennsylvania avenue.

Plate Printers' Assembly, K. of L.—G. A. B. Hall, Pennsylvania avenue.  
Horsebores' Union, No. 17—Hall, 737 Seventh street.

**THURSDAY, AUGUST 22.**  
District Assembly, No. 66, Knights of Labor—Plasterers' Hall, Fourth and-a-half street and Pennsylvania avenue.  
Protective Street Railway Union—Harris' Hall, No. 316 Eighth street, 2 p. m.

Carpenters' Council—Hall, No. 627 Massachusetts avenue.  
Plumbers' Association—Elks Hall, Ninth and-a-half street and Pennsylvania avenue.  
Frederick Painters' Hall, No. 1230 Seventh street.

Galvanized Iron and Corrugated Workers—Hall, No. 737 Seventh street northwest.  
Smeaditers and Hoppers' Association, of America, L. R. No. 10—Hall, No. 1316 E street.

**FRIDAY, AUGUST 23.**  
Bricklayers' Union, No. 1—Bricklayers' Hall, Seventh and L streets.  
L. A. 1798, K. of L., Journeymen House Painters—Harris' Hall, Seventh and D streets northwest.

L. A. 4896, K. of L., Electric Association of Steam Engineers—Harris' Hall, No. 316 Eighth street northwest.  
Stonecutters' Association—Castello's Hall, Sixth and G streets.

Electrical Workers—Hall, No. 737 Seventh street.  
Monks and Eucandine Tile Layers' Assembly, K. of L.—Hall, No. 1316 E street.  
Clerks' Assembly, K. of L.—Hall over Northring's store, Georgetown.

**SATURDAY, AUGUST 24.**  
L. A. 2376, K. of L.—Plasterers' Hall, Fourth and-a-half street and Pennsylvania avenue.  
Cigar Makers' Union, No. 110—Hall, No. 737 Seventh street northwest.

**FEDERATION OF LABOR.**  
The last meeting of the Federation of Labor was no exception to the rule, as to manifestation of interest and large attendance. President McHugh filled the chair, supported with a full complement of officers.

The contract committee in its report showed that a large amount of business had been transacted during the week, most of which has already been published. The report on the proposed new brewery aroused considerable interest, as it is well known that the work on its erection will furnish employment to a large number of mechanics.

The report of the committee on the Cranford case, that Maj. Cranford, would submit a proposition to the cement workers at their next meeting, was considered progressive.

The committee on Kernan's Theater also had to report progress, as the inability of Mr. Kernan to meet the committee before next Thursday had prevented any recommendation in this case being presented.

The revision of the building regulations of the District of Columbia is a matter of considerable interest to the building trades of this city. The legislative committee was instructed to urge before the commissioners appointed to revise, that proper safeguards for the protection of the lives of workmen be inserted in the new code.

As many of the delegates desired to turn out with their respective trades on Labor Day, it was decided to continue the precedent of last year, and the Federation will be represented in the parade by officers only.

A committee was appointed to procure the necessary regalia and badges for use of the officers. The question of any uniform being worn will of course be left to the discretion of the officers.

The chairman on Labor Day conference committee requested a full attendance at the conference which is to be held today at 3 o'clock at the Typographical Temple. It is expected that the proceedings at the conference meeting will be very interesting.

The chief marshal, Mr. James P. McHugh, will, it is expected, announce his appointments of aids and the programme for the day.

The grievance against the Eckington and Soldiers' Home Railway Company created considerable interest, and by a unanimous vote that road and all of its branches were placed on the unfair list.

The Tailors reported that a joint meeting between the National Tailors and the Tailors' Assembly would be held on Monday evening, August 19, at the Typographical Temple. Special interest is attached to the proposed meeting, from the fact that the busy season is at hand, and every effort will be made to see that all tailors in the city connect themselves with the union.

**DISTRICT ASSEMBLY.**  
A large and enthusiastic meeting of District Assembly, No. 66, K. of L., was held last Thursday evening at the hall, Fourth and-a-half street and Pennsylvania avenue. Master Workman W. H. G. Sim-

mons occupied the chair, and with the exception of the treasurer, who is absent from the city, all officers were present. The action of the Protective Street Railway Union in placing the Eckington Railroad and all of its tributaries—Belt Line, G, C, and D street lines—on the unfair list, was unanimously indorsed.

The recent action of the Eckington Company against organized labor was severely denounced by the delegates. It was the opinion of those present that if the organized trades of the District would only consider the splendid victory just achieved by organized labor in Brooklyn, N. Y., over the biggest monopolistic railroad corporation in existence, that the fight for justice against the Eckington road would be comparatively easy.

A vote of congratulation was ordered to be sent to the gallant knights of Brooklyn for their persistent efforts in demonstrating that organized labor can do when properly united. The agreement entered into between the railroad men and the railway magnates of Brooklyn was read, which practically grants everything demanded by the men at the beginning of the strike. Not only has the scale of wages been conceded, but the company pledged itself to reemploy all former employees and not to discriminate against any man because of his membership in the order of the Knights of Labor.

The delegates at Thursday night's meeting were of the unanimous opinion that, with proper efforts, the victory in Brooklyn can be duplicated in Washington. The assembly was instructed to urge upon its organizations their strict observance of the restriction on the Eckington road.

The committee of the Debs resolutions to denounce the arbitrary rulings of the courts and to enslave Debs and his associates, who are now in prison, reported that the resolutions would be presented to the labor organizations for approval on Labor Day.

A letter was read from Maj. Cranford, stating that to establish a standard rate of wages, as requested, would be unfair and unjust both to himself and men. At the same time he stated that he is not antagonistic to union men, nor does he discriminate against them, but reserves the right to not employ men who are inimical to his business. Also in his reply would be paid by the hour, according to their capacity and ability. His present corps of employees, he says, are the most faithful, conscientious and contented men in the United States, etc.

The letter was considered unsatisfactory and evasive, therefore, after debate, the name of H. L. Cranford was placed on the unfair list.

Credentials of delegates from the Timers' Assembly were received and accepted. Delegates from the Douglas Assembly of Steam Engineers reported good attendance at their last meeting. One new member had been initiated.

Delegates from the Cement Workers' reported that no proposition from Mr. Cranford had been received by their local. Delegates from the Plasterers' Lathers reported the death of one member, also one initiation. A special vote was taken when the ladies' gifts were organized into an assembly of the Knights of Labor, that organization would be the first union of workingmen ever formed in Washington. The delegates, while ever ready to extend a fraternal welcome to any of the six who desired to organize for that purpose, nevertheless, with a view of the opinion that an unintentional injustice had been done to the members of the Ladies' Assembly who had been connected with the Knights of Labor in this city for over ten years. The ladies were informed that the statement that the workingmen's organization, etc., originated in the imagination of an enthusiastic reporter who intended no reflection on the Ladies' Assembly, whatever. The ladies were satisfied with the explanation.

Plasterers' Assembly delegates reported that their members would turn out in full on Labor Day.

The executive committee reported that no settlement had been made as yet of the difficulties existing between the butchers and Mr. Nicolas Auth, but another conference would be held during the week. The executive committee further reported that from interviews between the committee and directors of the proposed new brewery, that the clause requiring union labor would be inserted in the building contracts. The executive committee had been sent up to this time to obtain the necessary signatures with Kraft and Blair as to the Bakers' Drivers' grievances.

In the cases of Mrs. Haines and Solomon, the action of the Federation was indorsed. Carriage-makers announced that a special meeting of their assembly would be held in the evening at the Times Building on Monday evening.

The committee on Labor Bureau and Workmen's Library, reported that a meeting of the joint committee would be held for the purpose of organizing on Monday evening at the Times office.

The District Assembly reported that he had, on last Monday evening, organized an assembly, which would be known as John Harris Assembly of Field Musicians. The officers had been elected and installed and the assembly would be represented in the District as soon as their charter was received.

The organizer also read a long list of names of Laundryworkers who desired to be organized into the Knights of Labor. The new assembly would be organized on Friday evening.

**AMONG THE LOCALS.**  
The local meetings during the week have been well attended.

On Monday evening the Plasterers had a very large attendance and the members were measured for full uniforms for the Labor Day parade. On the same evening the members of Carpenters Assembly and Carpenters Union No. 1, held a joint meeting, the object being a matter of deep interest to the welfare of the craft. It was the unanimous opinion that if possible the two organizations should be merged into one body, but if this was not done, the long, close and fraternal friendship that has always existed between the two bodies should be continued.

Two bricklayers held a special meeting on Monday evening to make final arrangements for Labor Day. It was decided that the members should be led by the bricklayers' band, composed solely of the union, and the "Bricklayers' March" written by the well-known composer, Mr. William Harris for the occasion, and dedicated to Union No. 1, would be rendered. M. P. Maghan was elected chief and John S. Wolf assistant marshal of the union forces. In addition to the band of the union, the Fort Myer Band has also been engaged.

The principal topic of discussion at the meeting of the Amalgamated Society of Carpenters was the Labor Day parade. The sentiment was in favor of uniforms for the occasion, but it was agreed to abide by the action of the council in the matter.

The Carriage and Wagon Makers also had an enthusiastic meeting last Monday. The members had good cause for being enthusiastic, as by the entering and persistent work of the executive committee the assembly has doubled its membership during the past few weeks.

The National Alliance branch of the

## Having an Outing

### A Worn Out Invalid of Washington Now Having a Jolly Time at Bar Harbor.

#### SICK FOR FIVE YEARS, WELL, HEARTY AND HAPPY.

### Dr. Walker Was at the Bottom of It.

#### Mr. Newell.

Mr. Newell lived until recently at 728 Twenty-first street northwest. He is now on his annual vacation at Bar Harbor, Me., but will return to the city soon. Just before his departure he said: "For more than five years I did not know what it was to enjoy a well day. I had indigestion, malnutrition, with gastric and nasal catarrhs. I would get so dizzy that I was afraid to bend over to pick up my hat for fear I would fall. I was losing in weight, and my friends told me I had consumption, a statement which I really believed. After trying a great many physicians and all the sure cures of my friends I went to Dr. Walker. I was much impressed with his thorough study of my case. Though he seemed to grasp all the symptoms at once, he did not express an opinion until after a thorough examination had been made. I took a course of treatment with Dr. Walker covering about three months. Now I feel perfectly well. I can eat anything I want, I am gaining in weight, and am going to the sea shore on the doctor's advice. I know the doctor was right when he said I did not have consumption."

**LOW SPIRITS.**  
Many men are sufferers from nervous debility, impaired memory, low spirits, and the various derangements of body and mind due to pernicious habits contracted in youth, or to later excesses, resulting in a loss of manly power, weakened constitution, and not infrequently softening of the brain, epilepsy, paralysis, and even insanity. To reach and reclaim these unfortunate is one of Dr. Walker's aims, and he has been the means of restoring hundreds of them to health and happiness.

Dr. Walker may be consulted free of charge, personally or by letter. His well-known sanitarium at 1411 Pennsylvania avenue, adjoining Willard's Hotel, is open daily for consultation and treatment, free hours 10 a. m. to 5 p. m.; Wednesday and Saturday evenings, 7 to 9; Sundays, 10 to 12.

Charges for treatment very low.  
In response to many inquiries, Dr. Walker assures the public that all interviews are confidential, names of patients who have been cured are never published without their full consent.

Theatrical Stage Employees held a special meeting last Monday evening. Mr. J. B. Feuton, delegate to the national convention, made his report, the nature of which was very encouraging to the branch in Washington. The prospects of the union stage employees for the coming season are very flattering, so much so that all stage employees are already in the union are considering very seriously that it will be to their best interests to join before the season sets in.

Carpenters' Union, No. 190, also had a large meeting Monday evening in their hall, 627 Massachusetts avenue. The members are very hopeful that their recommendation to the general executive board for high dues, increased benefits and equalization of funds will be favorably considered. A letter read at the meeting from the general secretary gave great encouragement to the members. The Labor Day parade was also considered and referred to the council.

On Wednesday evening the Cement Workers' Union, No. 1, held a full meeting to hear the proposition of Major Cranford, and were considerably disappointed at not receiving it, though the members did not consider that the proposition would contain any favorable concessions. But as it had been promised they were anxious to hear it. Several non-union above were reported as having signified their intention of joining the assembly.

The Paper Hangers also held a very important meeting last Wednesday evening. The proceedings have already been published. A long stretch of idleness with reduction of wages has been the cause of great dissatisfaction and a determined effort is now about to be made.

The Tin and Sheet Iron Workers at their meeting Wednesday evening, were informed that the union men are to turn out in uniforms on Labor Day and an appropriately designed tin cane.

The Economic Engineers' Association held its regular meeting on Friday night. Three candidates were admitted to membership. The association pledged its support to the Protective Street Railway Union in observing the restriction placed on the Eckington trolley road, and unanimously indorsed the action of the Federation in placing that road and its branches on the unfair list. A committee was appointed to prepare a proposition to be presented to the commissioners appointed to revise the building regulations, which will require the proper supervision and construction of steam plants in the District of Columbia.

Special business of importance is to come before the meeting of the Plasterers' Lathers Monday evening. The latter now meet in Mariner's Hall, on Water street southwest.

## DISTRICT SOLDIER BOYS

### One Week's News and Gossip Around Local Armories.

The contest for suggestions for a prize trophy for The Times has been closed. A committee has been selected and the names of the committeemen as well as the winner will be announced in this column next week.

The intention of The Times in offering the prize for suggestions was to awaken a deeper interest in the matter of rifle shooting. The trophy itself will undoubtedly be the handsomest prize shot for in the District.

Gen. Ordway when first spoken to about the trophy was very much pleased. He said he felt under obligations to The Times for its generous offer and he knew the Guard would feel so, too. The Times will feel amply repaid for any expense if there by its first intention is fulfilled.

Major Harries, Inspector General of rifle practice, in more than one place, the offer of The Times. He feels that any one who takes an interest in the Guard can show it in no better way than by adding interest to rifle practice. This is exactly what The Times proposes to do.

It is expected that the trophy will be one of the first shot for at the new range. All the provisions of the contest will be made public next week or just as soon as the details can be arranged. Of course, nothing can be done until September.

**THE BRIGADE TEAM.**  
All interest in Guard circles outside of that centered in The Times trophy suggestion contest is in the practice of the brigade team which goes to Sea Girt the last of this month. The sixteen men from whom the team will probably be chosen have been selected, and thirteen of them come from the Engineer Corps.

The sixteen crack shots who are practicing on the range now are: Private S. I. Scott, Capt. J. M. Pollard, Sergt. C. W. Dickey, Sergt. James M. Stewart, Private Samuel K. Bell, Capt. W. H. Moyer, Capt. James K. Bell, Corp. Maurice Appleby, Lieut. Charles Laird, Private H. L. Lezard, Private George Cook, Private W. W. Cookson, Sergt. C. M. C. Taylor, Lieut. L. B. Young, Lieut. A. O. Hutterly, and Corp. R. P. Carleton. Four other men are permitted to practice with the team in case an accident should happen. They are: Sergt. W. E. Callaway, Lieut. John Kirk, Sergt. McNeill, and Private Charles A. Russell. All these are putting in their time and energy these hot days at Ordway.

The brigade team is made up of some noted shots. Some of the members have made reputations on gun-shots of the ocean. All of them are as careful of their guns as most mothers are of a delicate child. They see that no danger comes near them, they talk about them and many envy the guns carried by others.

Dr. S. I. Scott, who led the shooting last Tuesday, has shot an American team which went abroad to the coast of Ireland and to England, in 1894. On the latter trip he was two days and the Albert Victor match. In the first they were second and in the second they were first. He won the first prize of \$300. This he had to shoot against the other forty-nine winners for the second prize, a handsome gold medal, which he also won.

He has been a member of the brigade team in three of its contests at Sea Girt. In 1893 he won the long-distance cup. He is regarded as the most scientific shot in the United States. He is also a great coach. When the result expected from a shot is not obtained he mental that is what he wants. All the boys when out practicing like to go to Scott to look over their guns. He can tell them how to remedy the defects he points out.

**ANOTHER GREAT SHOT.**  
Capt. Pollard is another shot of international fame. He was with the American team in England in 1883, and made some remarkable scores. In preliminary practice for a place on the team he scored 100 and 105 at a possible 105 at 200, 500 and 600 yards. His general average on the American team was as high as that of any one. The first year the Senatorial trophy was shot for he won it, but after that refused to shoot in individual contests, preferring to give others a chance. Capt. Pollard is looked on as one of the greatest shots in the country.

R. P. Carleton served on the brigade team in 1893, and was an alternate last year. He won the Koser match at Sea Girt in 1894. He made a score of 102 out of a possible 105. The same match was won by Lieut. Lezard, then, the second best shot in the country. In 1891 it was won by Maj. Harries by a score of 102. Sergt. C. W. Dickey had made a score of 104, and feeling sure of success had gone off to shoot at a pool target. Maj. Harries stepped in and won, while Dickey made sixteen consecutive bull-eyes at a pool target. Maj. Harries' record has not been beaten.

Along with Capt. Pollard are ranked Corp. Appleby and Lieut. Hutterly. They are supposed to be the best all-around shots in the District. Appleby and Hutterly have both served in the team before. Appleby last year in the Hilton trophy contest made a score of 179 out of a possible 200, and Hutterly made 175.

Lieut. Hutterly took second place in the distinguished marksman match in 1891. In 1892 he won the match. He carries a number of medals as a proof of his eagle eye and steady nerve.

Lieut. Laird is one of the old reliable shots. He holds the 1,000-yard record for 15, making 75 out of 75 at the Washington Arsenal range. He was also a member of the American team in 1883.

Private George Cook is the "kid" of the team. He is the "Shadow" of the Guard and has a clear eye and steady nerve. He was on the team last year and won the Hayes' match, making 32 at 500 yards and 34 at 600.

Lieut. Young has been on the team three years, and is one of the steady shots. He came out second in four matches last year, and can always be relied on. Capt. Moyer is on the team for the second time. He was a Pennsylvania guardsman and carries a number of medals.

Capt. Bell at a range of 500 yards is one of the great shots of the District. In fact, he can't be beat. He always shoots on every team representing the District. Last year he won the Inspector's match at Sea Girt.

C. McC. Taylor is the new man of the Sixteenth. He has never shot in any matches. He is a sharpshooter, and has made a good record. Private Wetherill is a remarkable off-hand shot. Last year he won the all-comers' match.

So it can easily be seen that the District will not suffer at the hands of these marksmen. With a range of 500 yards in practice to their hearts' content something should be done. It will be and the boys will come home with a lot of prizes.

**SOME MILITIAMEN ARRESTED.**  
Warrants were sworn out last week for the arrest of three members of Company A, Fifth Battalion. They have been dishonorably discharged but Capt. Jenkins has not been able to get them to account for their uniforms and equipments. He tried commands, etc., but without avail.

The captain thinks the arrest and trial of these men will have a salutary effect. They will learn that they cannot do as they please with government property. He thinks that other guardsmen will awake to the fact that there is a law governing the disposal of government property, if not of anything else.

At last the invitations for the beach party at Colonial Beach have been sent out. They went only to the officers of the provisional regiment at Marshall Hall last summer. The invitation calls a meeting of the officers to decide whether a week's outing shall be taken. Plans will be formulated at this gathering. It is the intention to elect a captain, first and second lieutenant, first sergeant, a quartermaster sergeant and bugler. The only military feature of the camp will be the two daily roll calls. Military matters will be discussed when fishing is not the order of the day.

Lieut. Melach, or the "Admiral," had quite an experience the other day. At camp he was put in command of the fleet which chased the moonshiners. It was while on this duty that he was dubbed "Admiral," and as this was his last duty, he has not become a good landsman again. No one suspected it until he started on a military march for Ordway last Monday.

Then he found that his sea service in the recent department had affected his bump of locality for he lost his way. About 5 o'clock he reached the range, tired out, hot, and mad. He had walked four miles out of his road. As a consequence he is not very proud of the score he made that day. He got home some time that night, but he has been and over thirty men have been secured. Lieut. King, who will be in command, is very enthusiastic over the prospects.

Company A, same battalion, is getting quite a move on. Just as soon as it gets a little cooler drill will begin. The company is after the Battalion Cup now in the possession of Capt. Alexander. The company also intends to secure the battalion trophy which will be shot for in September some time. The company has won this prize three times and must win it once more to keep it.

Maj. Alexander, Inspector General of the Guard, has sent the following letter to the Times: "Will you please correct through your military column the statement made in last Sunday's issue that I am quoted as being 'inadequate to conceive any cause for ordering the inquiry' into the condition of the Third Battalion."

"This statement is incorrect in that I made no such remark and I dislike to be so misrepresented."

The Times gladly publishes this letter but did not make the statement credited to it. The account of the investigation of the Third Battalion published in this column last week was entirely different. The one to which Maj. Alexander takes exception was published in the military column of the Evening Star.

**NOTES FROM THE COMMANDS.**  
Gen. Ordway was out of the city the greater part of last week. No one seems to go to the army now-days except the clerks and superintendent. A couple of Engineers are going to remain with the rifles now that they have gone into the guard. This gives the First Regiment a chance to help out its team.

The Second Regiment team will probably be composed of Capt. Bell and Moyer, Lieut. Laird, Kirk and Shaw. Sergt. Melach, Appleby, it is said, wants a transfer to the Engineers.

The boys think the weather last week nearly equalled that of camp. Troop A is disappointed that it has no representative on the brigade team. Some of the men are kicking very vigorously over it. It's no use to kick.

An examination for non-coms will soon be held in the troop. Lieut. Cook, adjutant of the Fifth, left Thursday for his home in Virginia. He has two weeks' leave. Lieut. Swartz is acting as adjutant during his absence.

No one seems to have guessed the distinguished officer who is turning author. It will surprise you.

Major Campbell is in Vermont visiting friends at his boyhood's home. The following men have been ordered dishonorably discharged, to carry out the findings of the late battalion court-martial: Privates W. H. Atwater, Louis Zinelli, and Zwingli O'Leary, Company C, Third Battalion, and Private James Denton, Company A, Fifth Battalion, and Privates George Contee, Ed Hawkins, Benjamin Keane, and Walter Stewart, Company B, First Separate Battalion, and Private Robert Edging, Company D, First Separate Battalion.

The resignation of First Lieut. James P. Lavin, Company D, Fifth Battalion, has been accepted.

Lieut. King is acting as Inspector of Rifle Practice for the First Regiment. All the officers of the regiment held a meeting Monday night to discuss the election of a regimental team. The rifles will furnish three of the seven men.

Capt. Parsons has turned over the property of Company A, Sixth Battalion to his successor.

The Ambulance Corps is becoming thinned by its excursion to River View on the 28th. Capt. Mattingly, of the Third Battalion, is home from a vacation spent in Virginia. The Credo Company is still discussing the proposed relay match to New York. It has been decided to put two men in each relay. Six recruits were taken into the camp last week.

Capt. Goddard, quartermaster of the First Regiment, was at the Army Thursday fixing up regimental headquarters. Pictures were hung and the rooms were very pleasant now.

Major Wilson, of the Third, was quite sick while on his vacation at Atlantic City.

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